INDIAN SCHOOL MUSCAT DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCE QUESTION BANK- CLASS 9

HISTORY

CHAPTER-1- FRENCH REVOLUTION

1	Discuss the features of 'Subsistence Crisis' that occurred frequently in France.	3
2	Name the philosophers who envisaged a society based on 'freedom and equal laws	3
	and opportunities for all'. Name their works and its importance. (1+1+1=3)	
3	Describe the events that took place in France on 14th July 1789.	3
4	Briefly explain the features National Assembly of 1791. (3x1=3)	3
5	Write short note on: 'Directory'.	3
6	Briefly examine the contributions of Jacobins during the Revolutionary period.	3
7	State any three defects of Jacobin Rule in France.	3
8	Write a short note on Napolean.	3
	CHAPTER 2- SOCIALISM IN EUROPE &RUSSIAN REVOLUTION	
1	Who were 'Jadidists'?	1
2	What came to be called as the International Women's Day?	1
3	"The layout of the St Petersburg in the winter of 1917 seemed to emphasise the	1
	divisions among its people". Mention the features of the layout of the city.	
4	Why did Russians rename St Petersburg into Petrograd?	1
5	Who were 'kulaks'?	1
6	Distinguish between Bolsheviks and Mensheviks.	1
7	Point out three main raised by the people in the slogans on 26 th February	1
	demonstrations.	
8	Write short note on Karl Marx (1818-1883) and Friedrich Engels (1820-1895).	5
9	Write a brief account of the 'Duma' that was set up in Russia immediately after the	5
	'Bloody Sunday' of 1905.	
10	Explain the events involved in the 'October Revolution' in 1917.	5
11	Evaluate the various steps adopted by the Bolshevik in order to make a Socialist	5
	Society in Soviet Union.	
12	What were the emergency measures introduced by Stalin in USSR immediately after	5
	the death of Lenin? (1x5=5)	
13	Explain any five changes introduced by Bolsheviks in Russia after October Revolution	5
	of 1917.	
	CHAPTER 3- NAZISM & RISE OF HITLER	
1	Point out the main theme of 'Third Reich of Dreams'. Who described it? $\binom{1}{2} + \binom{1}{2} = 1$	1
2	Name the countries involved in the 'Tripartite Pact'. Mention when it was signed?	1
_	$(^{1}/_{2}+^{1}/_{2}=1)$	
3	Who founded Communist Party of Germany?	1
4	What was Fire Decree?	1
5	The 'International Military Tribunal was set up at Nuremberg' in 1945. Why?	1
6	Give the meaning of 'Evacuation' used in the official communication during Nazi	1
	period.	
7	State the importance of Holocaust in history.	1
8	What was the 'War Guilt Clause' imposed on Germany.	1

CHAPTER-6-PEASANTS & FARMERS.		
1	Explain what led to Enclosure Movement of late 18 th and 19 th Centuries.	3
2	Why Indian farmers were unwilling to cultivate poppy in their fields?	3
3	Explain the impact of introduction of machines in agriculture on poor farmers in	3
	USA.	
4	Discuss under what circumstances opium trade between India and China started by	3
	the English traders.	
5	How did the Enclosure Movement benefit Britain? Explain any fine benefits. (5x1=5)	5
6	Describe the features of the open field and common land existed in England till early	5
	18 the Century. State how was it helpful to the poor? (3+2=5)	
7	Briefly describe how the demand of Chinese tea in Britain resulted in the Opium	5
	cultivation in India and Opium trade with China.	
8	"The dramatic expansion in agriculture was made possible by new technology in	5
	USA". Support your answer with suitable examples.	

Question Bank based on Final Exam Blue Print.